

## General Assembly

## **Amendment**

February Session, 2010

LCO No. 4604

\*HB0525504604HD0\*

Offered by:

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REP. SHARKEY, 88th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **5255** 

File No. 649

Cal. No. 228

## "AN ACT CONCERNING MUNICIPAL MANDATE RELIEF."

- Strike sections 1 to 3, inclusive, in their entirety and insert the following in lieu thereof:
- "Section 1. Section 47a-42 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):
  - (a) Whenever a judgment is entered against a defendant pursuant to section 47a-26, 47a-26a, 47a-26b or 47a-26d for the recovery of possession or occupancy of residential property, such defendant and any other occupant bound by the judgment by subsection (a) of section 47a-26h shall forthwith remove himself or herself, such defendant's or occupant's possessions and all personal effects unless execution has been stayed pursuant to sections 47a-35 to 47a-41, inclusive. If execution has been stayed, such defendant or occupant shall forthwith remove himself or herself, such defendant's or occupant's possessions and all personal effects upon the expiration of any stay of execution. If the defendant or occupant has not so removed himself or herself upon entry of a judgment pursuant to section 47a-26, 47a-26a, 47a-26b or 47a-26d, and upon expiration of any stay of execution, the plaintiff

18 may obtain an execution upon such summary process judgment, and 19 the defendant or other occupant bound by the judgment by subsection 20 (a) of section 47a-26h and the possessions and personal effects of such 21 defendant or other occupant may be removed by a state marshal, 22 pursuant to such execution, and [such possessions and personal effects 23 may be set out on the adjacent sidewalk, street or highway delivered 24 to the place of storage designated by the chief executive officer for such 25 purposes.

- (b) Before any such removal, the state marshal charged with executing upon any such judgment of eviction shall give the chief executive officer of the town twenty-four hours notice of the eviction, stating the date, time and location of such eviction as well as a general description, if known, of the types and amount of property to be removed from the premises and delivered to the designated place of storage. Before giving such notice to the chief executive officer of the town, the state marshal shall use reasonable efforts to locate and notify the defendant of the date and time such eviction is to take place and of the possibility of a sale pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Such notice shall include service upon each defendant and upon any other person in occupancy, either personally or at the premises, of a true copy of the summary process execution. Such execution shall be on a form prescribed by the Judicial Department, shall be in clear and simple language and in readable format, and shall contain, in addition to other notices given to the defendant in the execution, a conspicuous notice, in large boldface type, that a person who claims to have a right to continue to occupy the premises should immediately contact an attorney, and clear instructions as to how and where the defendant may reclaim any possessions and personal effects removed and stored pursuant to this section, including a telephone number that may be called to arrange release of such possessions and personal effects.
- (c) Whenever the possessions and personal effects of a defendant are [set out on the sidewalk, street or highway, and are not immediately removed by the defendant, the chief executive officer of the town shall remove and store the same] removed by a state marshal

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under this section, such possessions and effects shall be delivered by such marshal to the designated place of storage. Such removal, delivery and storage shall be at the expense of the defendant. If such possessions and effects are not [called for] reclaimed by the defendant and the expense of such [removal and] storage is not paid to the chief executive officer within fifteen days after such eviction, the chief executive officer shall sell the same at public auction, after using reasonable efforts to locate and notify the defendant of such sale and after posting notice of such sale for one week on the public signpost nearest to the place where the eviction was made, if any, or at some exterior place near the office of the town clerk. The chief executive officer shall deliver to the defendant the net proceeds of such sale, if any, after deducting a reasonable charge for [removal and] storage of such possessions and effects. If the defendant does not demand the net proceeds within thirty days after such sale, the chief executive officer shall turn over the net proceeds of the sale to the town treasury.

- Sec. 2. Section 49-22 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):
- (a) In any action brought for the foreclosure of a mortgage or lien upon land, or for any equitable relief in relation to land, the plaintiff may, in his complaint, demand possession of the land, and the court may, if it renders judgment in his favor and finds that he is entitled to the possession of the land, issue execution of ejectment, commanding the officer to eject the person or persons in possession of the land and to put in possession thereof the plaintiff or the party to the foreclosure entitled to the possession by the provisions of the decree of said court, provided no execution shall issue against any person in possession who is not a party to the action except a transferee or lienor who is bound by the judgment by virtue of a lis pendens. The officer shall eject the person or persons in possession and may remove such person's possessions and personal effects and [set them out on the adjacent sidewalk, street or highway] deliver such possessions and effects to the place of storage designated by the chief executive officer of the town for such purposes.

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(b) Before any such removal, the state marshal charged with executing upon the ejectment shall give the chief executive officer of the town twenty-four hours notice of the ejectment, stating the date, time and location of such ejectment as well as a general description, if known, of the types and amount of property to be removed from the land and delivered to the designated place of storage. Before giving such notice to the chief executive officer of the town, the state marshal shall use reasonable efforts to locate and notify the person or persons in possession of the date and time such ejectment is to take place and of the possibility of a sale pursuant to subsection (c) of this section and shall provide clear instructions as to how and where such person or persons may reclaim any possessions and personal effects removed and stored pursuant to this section, including a telephone number that such person or persons may call to arrange release of such possessions and personal effects.

(c) Whenever a mortgage or lien upon land has been foreclosed and execution of ejectment issued, and the possessions and personal effects of the person in possession thereof are [set out on the sidewalk, street or highway, and are not immediately removed by such person, the chief executive officer of the town shall remove and store the same removed by a state marshal under this section, such possessions and effects shall be delivered by such marshal to the designated place of storage. Such removal, delivery and storage shall be at the expense of such person. If the possessions and effects are not [called for] reclaimed by such person and the expense of the [removal and] storage is not paid to the chief executive officer within fifteen days after such ejectment, the chief executive officer shall sell the same at public auction, after using reasonable efforts to locate and notify such person of the sale and after posting notice of the sale for one week on the public signpost nearest to the place where the ejectment was made, if any, or at some exterior place near the office of the town clerk. The chief executive officer shall deliver to such person the net proceeds of the sale, if any, after deducting a reasonable charge for [removal and] storage of such possessions and effects. If such person does not

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demand the net proceeds within thirty days after the sale, the chief

- 121 executive officer shall turn over the net proceeds of the sale to the town
- 122 treasury.
- Sec. 3. Section 12-80a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October 1, 2010, and
- applicable to assessment years commencing on or after said date):
- 126 (a) Any (1) taxpayer which, prior to January 1, 1990, was subject to 127 chapter 211 with respect to the rendering tax under 128 telecommunications service and which, on or after January 1, 1990, is 129 subject to tax under chapter 219 for rendering telecommunications 130 service and (2) other taxpayer that is subject to tax under chapter 219 131 for rendering telecommunications service and which has elected in the 132 manner specified in this section to have personal property taxed as 133 provided in this section, shall be required to submit to the 134 Commissioner of Revenue Services and the Secretary of the Office of 135 Policy and Management, not later than the thirtieth day of November 136 of each year during which it is subject to tax under chapter 219, a list of 137 all personal property on a town-by-town basis that is owned by such 138 taxpayer in this state on the first day of October of such year and that 139 is used solely and exclusively for rendering telecommunications 140 service, as defined in said chapter 219, including the location of each 141 item of such property and the fair market value thereof, recognizing 142 depreciation of such property to the maximum extent allowed for 143 purposes of the corporation business tax in this state, as certified by 144 the Commissioner of Revenue Services. Each such taxpayer shall also 145 submit said list to each municipality in which such taxpayer owns 146 property, provided the list submitted to a municipality shall contain 147 only the personal property owned by such taxpayer that is located in, 148 or allocated pursuant to this subsection to, said municipality. If the 149 records of a taxpayer subject to the requirements of this subsection do 150 not contain the data necessary to develop the list as required without 151 undue cost, the taxpayer may, for purposes of requirements under this 152 subsection, petition the Commissioner of Revenue Services for 153 approval of an alternate method of determining the value of the plant

used solely and exclusively to render telecommunications services, but not including central office or switching equipment of that taxpayer, located in each town in the state. If the commissioner finds that the alternative method proposed results in a reasonable approximation of the value of the property of the taxpayer located in each town and used solely and exclusively for rendering telecommunications service, the commissioner shall notify the taxpayer that the proposed alternate method is acceptable and the taxpayer shall be permitted to use the alternate method in developing the list required under this subsection.

(b) (1) Not later than the first day of February immediately following the end of such tax year, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management shall determine, with respect to such company, a value for personal property equivalent to seventy per cent of the value of personal property included in the list of such property prepared and certified in accordance with subsection (a) of this section. The amount of tax applicable with respect to such personal property of any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed under this section shall be determined by multiplying the value of personal property of such company, as determined under this subsection, by a mill rate of fortyseven mills. Said secretary shall, not later than the first day of March immediately following the end of such tax year, submit a tax bill to each company stating the amount of tax payable to each town in relation to the personal property of such taxpayer located in such town. Such tax shall be due and payable to the town in which such personal property is located not later than the first day of April immediately following. Any city or borough not consolidated with the town in which it is located and any town containing such a city or borough shall receive a portion of the tax due and payable to such town on the basis of the following ratio: The total taxes levied in the previous fiscal year by such town, city or borough shall be the numerator of the fraction. The total taxes levied by the town and all cities or boroughs located within such town shall be added together, and the sum shall be the denominator of the fraction. Any such city or borough may, by vote of its legislative body, direct the Secretary of the

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Office of Policy and Management to reallocate all or a portion of the share of such city or borough to the town in which it is located.

- (2) The person responsible for the collection of taxes for each town, city or borough owed taxes under this subsection may, at such time as such tax becomes delinquent as provided in sections 12-146 and 12-169, subject such tax to interest at the rate of one and one-half per cent of such tax for each month or fraction thereof which elapses from the time when such tax becomes due and payable until the same is paid.
- (c) With respect to tangible personal property included in the list of such property submitted to the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management as provided in subsection (a) of this section, any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed under this section for any tax year shall not be subject to property tax in any town applicable to such personal property for the assessment year in such town commencing on the first day of October immediately preceding the date on which the tax determined with respect to such property in accordance with this section becomes due and payable.
- (d) Any taxpayer that, on or after January 1, 1990, is subject to tax under chapter 219 for rendering telecommunications service but that, prior to January 1, 1990, was not subject to tax under chapter 211 for rendering telecommunications service may elect to have personal property taxed in the manner specified in this section. Such election shall be made in writing and filed with the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and a copy thereof shall be filed with the assessor of each town in which personal property affected by such election is located. [Such] Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, such election, once filed with the secretary, shall be irrevocable and shall, if filed on or before the date that is two months prior to the start of the assessment year, be effective for such assessment year and for all succeeding assessment years, otherwise to be effective for the next succeeding assessment year and all succeeding assessment years.
- (e) For assessment years commencing on or after October 1, 1997,

the provisions of this section, including informational reporting requirements imposed on owners, shall also apply, to the extent provided in section 12-80b, to property that is used both to render telecommunications service subject to tax under chapter 219 and to render community antenna television service subject to tax under chapter 219 and that is required, under subsection (a) of section 12-80b, to be taxed as provided in this section.

- (f) Any municipality may examine the Office of Policy and Management's or the Department of Revenue Services' audit of a taxpayer's submission pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.
- 230 (g) (1) Any election for taxation made under subsection (d) of this 231 section on or before August 1, 2009, by a taxpayer that provides mobile 232 telecommunications service, as defined in section 12-407a, is null and 233 void. For the assessment year commencing October 1, 2010, and for 234 each assessment year thereafter, such taxpayer shall not be subject to 235 taxation for personal property under subsection (b) of this section, but 236 shall be subject to personal property taxation as otherwise provided in 237 this chapter, subject to the provisions of subdivisions (2) and (3) of this 238 subsection. No taxpayer that provides mobile telecommunications 239 service shall be eligible to make an election as provided in subsection 240 (d) of this section after August 1, 2009.
  - (2) The personal property of any taxpayer whose election for taxation becomes null and void pursuant to this subsection that, on or before the October 1, 2009, grand list, has not been depreciated to the maximum extent allowed for purposes of the corporation business tax in this state, shall be subject to taxation by the town in which it is located as of the assessment year beginning October 1, 2010, under the provisions of this chapter that are applicable to all other taxpayers.
- 248 (3) The personal property of any taxpayer whose election for 249 taxation becomes null and void pursuant to this subsection that, on or 250 before the October 1, 2009, grand list, has been depreciated to the 251 maximum extent allowed for purposes of the corporation business tax

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252 in this state, shall be subject to taxation for assessment years 253 commencing on and after October 1, 2010, as follows: (A) In the assessment year beginning October 1, 2010, such taxpayer shall file a 254 255 declaration, as required by section 12-41, in which twenty-five per cent 256 of the total value of such taxpaver's fully depreciated personal property shall be reported for purposes of assessment; (B) in the 257 assessment year beginning October 1, 2011, such taxpayer shall file a 258 259 declaration as required by section 12-41, in which fifty per cent of the total value of such taxpayer's fully depreciated personal property shall 260 261 be reported for purposes of assessment; (C) in the assessment year 262 beginning October 1, 2012, such taxpaver shall file a declaration as required by section 12-41, in which seventy-five per cent of the total 263 value of such taxpayer's fully depreciated personal property shall be 264 reported for purposes of assessment; and (D) in the assessment year 265 266 beginning October 1, 2013, and each assessment year thereafter, such 267 taxpayer shall file a declaration as required by section 12-41, in which one hundred per cent of the total value of such taxpayer's fully 268 depreciated personal property shall be reported for purposes of 269 270 assessment."